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THE VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the latest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE. —— *Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28.

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LEGHORN, *Feb.* 27.

A MUSCOVITE man of war of 72 guns entered our port the day before yesterday, and another of 60 guns arrived here this day. We learn from the crew that the Russian Admiral has dispatched several frigates from *Port Mahon* for the Archipelago, and that he himself departed, in order to follow them, the 3d instant. Some vessels are still at Mahon, waiting for the arrival of Admiral Elphinstone; after which they are to join the Russian fleet at the isle of Wisdom, and proceed on their route to the Archipelago.

ROME, *Feb.* 7. The Court of France has made an application to the Pope for leave to cut down, in the territories of the Holy See, a great quantity of timber for ship building; and, it is thought, his Holiness will comply with the request.

The Pope has agreed to the diminution of the holidays in the dioceses belonging to the Electors of Mayence, Treves, Cologne, and the Bishops of Worms and Spires.

GENOA, *Feb.* 26. A man of war of eighty guns lately burnt, by accident, in the harbour of Carthagena; the vessel set, and even the town, narrowly escaped being destroyed by the flames. *Troops and ammunition are continually sent from divers parts of Spain to the colonies belonging to that monarchy in America*, and the letters add that *they are under great apprehensions of an approaching rupture between Spain and England.*

CAGLIARI, *Feb.* 14. We have a report just spread here that a Russian brigantine, of 22 guns, has perished on the coast of Barbary. In the late hurricane 120 ships, of different nations, have been lost on the coasts of Italy.

VENICE, *Feb.* 28. The inhabitants of one of the Cyclades having lately risen against some Ottoman troops who had landed on the island, the Grand Seignior, in revenge, immediately sent thither a detachment of Janisaries, who first massacred some hundreds of the richest Jews, and afterwards put the rest of the inhabitants to the sword.

From the frontiers of ITALY, *March* 6. The last letters from the Levant mention that the Russian fleet had appeared at the islands of Cephalonia and Zante, in the Ionick sea; and that they had sailed, with a fair wind, for the Morea. We expect therefore soon to receive some important news from thence.

WARSAW, *March* 7. On the 3d instant the Count de Wachtmeister, Lieutenant Colonel in the service of Russia, beat, for the fifth time, the body of confederates commanded by the Sieur Saba, most of whom were cut to pieces by the Russians; and the Sieur Saba, finding the people make but a poor resistance, retired with about 200 horse.

A courier is just arrived with advice of another considerable advantage which the Russians had gained over the Turks, the substance of which is as follows. The new Grand Vizier having received orders from the Grand Seignior to use his utmost endeavours to oblige the Russians to retire from the provinces of Moldavia and Wallachia, or at least to prevent their passing the Danube, and knowing, moreover, that Lieutenant General de Stoffeln was upon the march towards Brailow, detached 20,000 men, who crossed that river at Slistria, in order to advance to Bucharest, the capital of Wallachia. The Russian General receiving intelligence of these motions, immediately quitted Brailow, and went to Dziurgowa, to wait for the enemy. The latter arriving soon after, attacked the Russians with great spirit, but without success. In the heat of the action Major General Potemkin took the enemy in the flank, with so much success that they were entirely defeated. Their loss, in killed and wounded, is about 3000 men, and near 1000 were taken prisoners; most of their cannon and baggage likewise fell into the hands of the conquerors. The latter, being willing to improve this victory, are taking proper measures to drive the Turks from both sides of the Danube.

Another account says that the above action happened on the 8th of February; that 3000 Turks were left dead on the spot, and 2000 taken prisoners.

March 10. Letters from Podolia advise that the two Russian armies are in motion; that of Count de Roumianzow to enter Moldavia, and that under Count Panin to approach Bender. It is reported that there is a new project on the tapis for the reestablishment of the publick tranquility in this kingdom, and that propositions will soon be made, in the name of the King and Senate, for a preliminary accommodation with the chiefs of the confederates.

LONDON, *March* 8.

THE question, at present, among the polite and curious, is, not, "Who has seen the Corsican fairy?" And those who answer, "They have not," are looked upon as persons who have no curiosity, and blind to one of the finest displays of human nature in miniature which perhaps ever existed; as we are without an instance in any age, country, or history, of so wonderful a phenomenon, and there can be no certainty of any age or country producing the like.

One day last week several of the scholars at Winchester went, in a body, to a house in the town, after a person who had offended them; upon which a battle ensued, and a man was shot with a pistol by one of the lads, through the leg, and one of the scholars beat in a terrible manner. The next day they sallied out again, and drew up in the churchyard, when the alarm bell was rung for two nights, to the great terror of all the inhabitants; but, on prudent methods being taken, every thing happily subsided.

The Emperour of Germany, in his late tour to Italy, had a long conversation at Forli with the Count Nicholas Papini, who knew him, at that time, know his Imperial Majesty. Being afterwards informed of the honour which he had had, he wrote to the Emperour, and has received the following answer.

"I shall always reflect with pleasure, my dear Papini, on the interview which I had with you in passing through Forli, and the good council which you was pleased to give me on that occasion. The friendly manner with which you talked to me will not permit me to doubt the sincerity of the sentiments expressed in your letter to me of the 5th of December, and of all the happy presages therein announced. Those sentiments you avowed to me at a time when you took me for a private man, and had no suspicion of that train of lofty dignity to which it has pleased the Divine Providence to raise me. The encomiums lavished on us, and all things said to us, are (unhappily) addressed much more to our rank than to our person. Preserve for me this affection, my dear Papini, and be persuaded that I shall be sorely grieved if you do not, in me, esteem the MAN, a title superiour to all others that can be given me; and that *Joseph* prefers being *beloved* to all those outward protestations, and all those homages, which are continually bestowed on the Emperour. Believe that [illegible] ments will ever animate me. I pray God to [illegible] protection."

At Vienna, this 1st day of January, 1770.

March 10. We hear that [illegible] of Freeholders of the county of Surrey [illegible] and draw up an address, remonstrance, and petition, to his Majesty, is now laid aside, as they find, by the [illegible] his Majesty's [illegible] to the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, on [illegible] remonstrance, &c. from the Corporation [illegible] of London, that no regard whatever will be paid to any remonstrance, his Majesty being determined to adhere to his Parliament.

When a certain great person, the other day, in the height of a political declamation, said, though a warmth, which the subject had inspired him with, rather transgressed the bounds of moderation in one expression, which had caused a general murmur, and created an alarm respecting his personal liberty, he was observed to be more than commonly agitated; upon which he immediately, and with visible apparent uneasiness, said, "Impute not this trembling to fear; a fear for my own safety has not possessed me; it is the effect of cruel illness, debilitated nerves, of a worn out constitution. So you believe, as I am candid to confess."

A certain Gentleman declared in publick company, this week, that he apprehended the mob would attempt pulling his house down on the day of Mr. Wilkes's enlargement, and had therefore already taken proper precautions for his security.

Sunday a man harangued upwards of 500 of the mob, from an eminence erected for him under the wall of the King's Bench prison, seasonably exciting them to take up arms against his Majesty, of whom he spoke in the most scurrilous and audacious terms; read the city remonstrance to them, with the King's answer thereto, and made most impudent and treasonable remarks thereon, notwithstanding which he was suffered to escape with impunity.

On Friday, at Mr. Angelo's academy, was a trial of skill between Mons. Rheda, a fencing master, and Mr. Doyer, an Irish Gentleman, who came from Dublin on purpose to decide this feat of arms. Wagers to the amount of 3000*l.* were laid on this occasion, when the whole company gave it in favour of Mr. Doyer; and on Saturday morning the said Gentleman set out for France, in order to encounter another French fencing master at Paris. Great bets are depending on the event of this combat, the odds now being three to one in favour of the Irish combatant.

One of the Noblemen summoned to Court, to be present on the delivery of the city remonstrance, was asking another Nobleman what they were sent for there for, to which he replied, "Why to be sure, my Lord, to have their horns measured like horned cattle." "Nay, my Lord," replied the other, "if you judge of some of our fraternity who I see among us (looking earnestly at a Noble Duke) I should rather imagine the fellows came here for that purpose."

Some time ago, when it was reported a certain Nobleman was appointed to a high office in a neighbouring kingdom, a Gentleman asked him concerning some new regulations which he supposed his Lordship would make. It is time enough, answered my Lord, to consider of that when my baggage is put on board. A Lady, who sat by, said (very archly) which of your *baggages* do you mean, my Lord?

March 19. We shall not *burn* the city remonstrance, said one in the Ministry, the other day, to a Gentleman in the opposition. I think you are right, returned the latter. Why? asked the courtier. Because, if you did, it would certainly *inflame* the minds of his Majesty's subjects.

We are assured that out of 306,000 cattle, which have been affected with the disorder in Holland, 142,000 died, and 163,000 recovered.

Among the many houses that suffered from the ungovernable rage of the mob on Thursday night last was his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland's house in Pall mall, most of the windows of which were broke; and one of the servants narrowly escaped having his brains beat out with a stone, weighing near a pound.

It is very remarkable (says a correspondent, under the signature of *Brickbat*) that of all the different professions that have been proposed for Mr. Wilkes on his enlargement, none have hit on the profession wherein his *best friends* can serve him the most—*a glazier*.

In the course of his examination, before a certain committee, Major D——r threw out a very severe charge upon the war office. He was particularly complaisant to Lord Barrington; he said that the office had often been guilty of the vilest and basest corruption. His Scotch dialect excited very often a loud laugh. "My Lord Barrington, I do not charge you with corruption, for you ken very weel I dawre not; but *these fusts of mine* have greased the haunds of the under Secretaries. You see, my Lord Barrington, I exculpate, I exonerate your Lordship; I accuse none but these scoundrels of the lower class."

Several thousand Georgians have revolted, in a body, against the Ottoman Porte. Prince Heraclius is become very formidable, by his great superiority of genius. To the military art of the Turks he has joined the knowledge acquired during his residence in Europe.

March 28. The Tweed frigat, now lying at Chatham, is ordered to get ready for the Earl of Dunmore, in order to carry his Lordship to his government of New York, for which he intends to embark in a few days.

It is now said that as soon as the Parliament is prorogued Lord North will resign as first Lord of the Treasury in favour of Earl Gower, in order that his Grace the Duke of Grafton may come into the Ministry again, by succeeding the latter as President of the Privy Council.

This day will be a numerous meeting of the electors of Westminster, in Westminster Hall, to consider of a remonstrance. As soon as the above business is over it is said the remonstrance will be immediately delivered to his Majesty, at St. James's.

A Gentleman proposed on Monday, in a certain society, to take measures to prevent the meeting this day at Westminster Hall; but such a motion was deemed, by those present, unconstitutional and unprecedented.

The disappointment of those in the lobby, on Monday last, was not greater, we find, than that of such as went beyond it; as the matter for the particular summons was kept equally secret from either, and fell similarly short of the expectations of both.

Yesterday morning his Grace the Duke of Northumberland set out from his House at Charing Cross, for Dover, in order to embark there for France. It is said that after his Grace has spent some time at Paris he will pay a visit to the Court of Denmark.

We hear that a late particular summons was at the instance and motion of a great man of the North, whose goodness of heart is much more conspicuous and admired, in all his actions, than the strength of his judgment, or soundness of his head.

The subject proposed for the consideration and debate of a certain club, on Monday last, was, that to impeach the resolutions, and deny the authority and existence of a certain body, in a paper addressed to the King, under a particular denomination, was a violation of the right to present it; but this appearing to be only the sense of a resolution which had before been made in another place, and which had also been adopted and confirmed by themselves, at a late meeting on this subject, when a resolve was jointly agreed to, and afterwards carried into execution, the proposal was deemed frivolous and out of time, and was equally scouted by both parties.

The House of Commons did not break up on Monday until nine o'clock at night.

We are informed the rule by which expulsions and incapacitations are, in future, to be regulated, was the most material part of the business of a certain society on Monday.

It is said that any person convicted of perjury, forgery, blasphemy, or any other offence which may render him infamous in the eye of the law, will not be permitted [illegible] to sit, however be capable of sitting, among a particular set of Gentlemen, [illegible] as they shall exist as a body.

"We are informed that the duty on [illegible] and [illegible] on other "goods sent to America, will be taken [illegible] That [illegible] have paid "will be collected in a different mode, which will be agreeable "to all parties."

Yesterday Mr. Alderman Bonfoy moved the court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen that it be referred to Mr. Recorder and Common Serjeant to consider what the rights of the citizens of London are, and what precedents do appear which explain the powers of the court of Common Council, Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and of the Livery in Common Hall assembled, which motion was agreed to.

To prevent any family discontents, or expense attending divorces, it is proposed (as gallantry is become so fashionable among our married people of quality) that it be always inserted as one of the principal marriage articles that every Lady be at liberty to have her *cicisbee*, and the Gentleman to have his mistress, as is practised in Italy, to prevent any dispute or inconvenience on account of little familiarities either party may choose to indulge themselves in.

It is said a certain paper was, on Monday, censured in a very high assembly.

The following is an extract of a letter from a passenger on board the Sally brig, who, with the Captain, mate, and two boys, are now confined at the Groyne, under pretence that they had been taking a plan of the harbour and fortifications of Vigo, in Spain.

Corunna, Dec 28, 1769.

"This comes to acquaint you that after a long and troublesome journey of eight days (from Vigo) we got here, and are imprisoned in an island separate from the town, and have not spoke to the Consul General, nor the Vice Consul, nor any other person; neither are they suffered to come and see us. We came here very wet, and were put in prison in that condition; we had nothing to lie on but a hard floor for three or four days, and now have a handful of straw, which is as dear as feathers in England. These are the hardships which we now undergo, and what we shall suffer more God only knows! I know not. My service to the Consul at Vigo. When you write to me desire the Consul to direct your letter to Mr. Bankes, our Consul General."

A certain Lord, who has a very capital seat in the county of Stafford, has, it is said, established a large seminary at such seat for the education of children of the Romish religion, and there are already near a hundred boys admitted.

A young Nobleman, recently married, has, within the space of eighteen months, reduced an estate of 21,000*l.* per annum to 6000*l.* by gaming with first rate sharpers.

A late head waiter, at a certain noted gaming house at the west end of the town, has lately retired from business on a fortune of 10000*l.* per annum, which he acquired chiefly by lending money to Noblemen and Gentlemen at late hours in the night, when they were run out of cash at the gaming table, for which they all allowed him the moderate interest of half a crown to the pound, and gave him draughts, or notes payable in 48 hours, for all sums borrowed of him.

On Thursday last was held a court of assistants of the Goldsmiths company, when they came to the following resolution, which was proposed, and agreed to, without a single hand being held up against it:

The Right Hon. the Lord Mayor having issued precepts for summoning the Livery of this city to meet at Guildhall on Tuesday the 6th instant, to consider of a further application for redress of grievances, at which meeting a most indecent remonstrance was ordered to be presented to his Majesty.

Resolved, and ordered, that for the future the wardens of this company do not summon the Livery thereof to attend at any meeting in the Guildhall (except for the purpose of elections) without the express approbation or consent of this court.

The Weavers company have resolved the same.

Monday a Common Councilman of a ward in this city was convicted, before the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, of swearing seven oaths, at a publick house in a court in Fleet street, and paid the penalty of 14*s.* and costs.

Some very interesting advices have been received from Gibraltar, respecting the motions of the Spaniards in that neighbourhood.

We are advised from Portsmouth, by an officer in the Russian service, that Admiral Elphinstone is in the utmost impatience for some dispatches, of great moment, which he has for some time expected from Petersburg.

It is pretty ſtrongly reported that our patriotick Lord Mayor begins to grow uneaſy at the length which his colleagues in office want him to go in oppoſition to government, and it is whiſpered that we muſt not be ſurpriſed at any change we may ſee in his political principles.

A correſpondent ſays that upon the Lord Mayor's iſſuing his precepts for a Common Hall every company in the city is bound to obey his precept, and in conſequence to ſend out ſummonies to their reſpective Livery-men; and that on failure thereof they ſubject themſelves to be fined by the the ſupreme magiſtrate of the city.

Two men of war are fitting out for ſea, at Portſmouth, which are to be ſtationed ſhips on the coaſt of Africa for a year, for the better protection of that trade.

Extract of a letter from Edinburgh, *March* 21.

"A report prevails here that orders are come from the War Office for his Majeſty's troops now in Scotland to hold themſelves in readineſs to march, on a ſhort warning; but we have not heard what route they are to take."

March 29. Yeſterday was paid at the Exchequer his Majeſty's moſt gracious bounty to Mr. David Ruſſ (a Gentleman from Jamaica) in order to forward his moſt uſeful and ingenious diſcovery of a lixivium which, beſides going farther with ſoft water than common ſoap, waſhes cotton and linen with ſalt or hard water equally as well as the beſt ſoap and the ſofteſt water.

The humble addreſs, remonſtrance, and petition, of the electors of the city and liberty of Weſtminſter, aſſembled in Weſtminſter Hall, the 28th day of March, 1770.

"We your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the electors of the city and liberty of Weſtminſter, having already preſented our humble, but ineffectual, application to the Throne, find ourſelves, by the miſconduct of your Majeſty's Miniſters, in confederacy with many of our repreſentatives, reduced to the neceſſity of again breaking in, by our complaints, upon your Majeſty's repoſe, or of acquieſcing under grievances ſo NEW, and ſo EXORBITANT, that none but thoſe who patiently ſubmit to them can deſerve to ſuffer them.

"By the ſame *ſecret* and *unhappy* influence to which all our grievances have been originally owing the redreſs of thoſe grievances has been now prevented, and the grievances themſelves have been repeatedly confirmed, with this additional circumſtance of aggravation, that while the invaders of our rights remain the directors of your Majeſty's councils the defenders of thoſe rights have been diſmiſſed from your Majeſty's ſervice; your Majeſty having been adviſed by your Miniſters to remove from his employment, for his vote in Parliament, the higheſt officer of the law, becauſe his principles ſuited ill with theirs, and his pure diſtribution of juſtice with their corrupt adminiſtration of it in the Houſe of Commons.

"We beg leave, therefore, again to repreſent to your Majeſty that the Houſe of Commons have ſtruck at the moſt valuable liberties and franchiſes of all the electors of Great Britain; and by aſſuming to themſelves a right of chooſing, inſtead of receiving a member when choſen, by transferring to the repreſentative what belonged to the conſtituent, they have taken off from the dignity, and we fear impaired, the authority of Parliament itſelf.

"We preſume again, therefore, humbly to implore from your Majeſty the only remedies which are in any way proportioned to the nature of the evils. That you would be graciouſly pleaſed to diſmiſs, for ever, from your councils, thoſe Miniſters who are ill ſuited by their diſpoſitions to preſerve the principles of a free, or by their capacities to direct, the councils of a great and mighty kingdom; and by ſpeedily diſſolving the preſent Parliament your Majeſty will ſhow, by your own example and by their diſſolution, that the rights of your people are to be inviolable, and that you will neither negle&t ſo many injured, and, by ſuch treatment, exaſperated ſubjects, nor continue to commit the care of their intereſts to thoſe from whom they muſt withdraw their confidence, to repoſe their invaluable privileges in the hands of thoſe who have ſacrificed them, and betrayed it.

"Your ſubjects look up, with ſatisfaction, to the powers which the conſtitution has veſted in your Majeſty, for it is upon them that they have placed their laſt dependence; and they truſt that the right of diſſolving Parliaments, which has, under former Princes, ſo often anſwered the purpoſes of power, may, under your Majeſty, prove a happy inſtrument of liberty.

"We find ourſelves compelled to urge, with the greater importunity, this our humble but earneſt application to the Throne, as every day ſeems to produce the confirmation of ſome old, or to threaten the introduction of ſome new, injury. We have the ſtrongeſt reaſons to apprehend that the uſurpation begun by the Houſe of Commons upon the right of electing may be extended to the right of petitioning, and that under the pretence of reſtraining the abuſe of this right it is meant to bring into diſrepute, and to intimidate us from the exerciſe of the right itſelf.

"But, whatever may be the purpoſes of others, your Majeſty hath, in your anſwer to the city of London, moſt graciouſly declared *that you are always ready to receive the requeſts, and liſten to the complaints, of your ſubjects.* Your Majeſty condeſcends likewiſe to eſteem it *a duty to ſecure to them a free enjoyment of thoſe rights which your family was called to defend.* We rely therefore upon the Royal word, thus given, that our grievances will meet with full redreſs, and our complaints with the moſt favourable interpretation, that your Majeſty will never conſider the arraignment of your Miniſters as a diſreſpect to your perſon, a charge confined, by the very terms of it, to this Houſe of Commons, as injurious to Parliament at large (the conſtitution of which we admire, and the abuſe of which is the very thing we lament) or a requeſt for the diſſolution of Parliament, which your ſubjects have a right to make, and your Majeſty to grant, as *irreconcileable to the principles of the conſtitution.*"

Sir Robert Bernard preſented the remonſtrance open. His Majeſty did not look at it, but turned his back upon the Gentlemen, and delivered it to the Lord in waiting, who delivered it to another, who handed it to a Groom of the Bedchamber, and he carried it off.

Yeſterday, after the preſentation of the remonſtrance of the city of Weſtminſter, a proteſt was handed about to be ſigned by the electors.

It is confidently aſſerted, notwithſtanding the report to the contrary, that the Weſtminſter remonſtrance was preſented without being ſigned by a ſingle perſon.

We hear the thoughts of reprimanding certain city officers is now laid aſide.

On Sunday laſt Gregory Suddle, of Brentwood, in Eſſex, and Athanaſius Bower, of St. Giles's, two Popiſh prieſts, abiured the errors of Popery, and read their recantations in their reſpective pariſh churches.

March 30. Yeſterday his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers, attended by his Grace the Duke of Ancaſter and Lord Robert Bertie, and gave the Royal aſſent to forty three bills, among which were the following, viz.

The bill for raiſing 1 800,000 l. by loans on Exchequer bills, for the ſervice of the preſent year.

The bill for allowing the exportation of malt, for a limited time.

The bill for applying the ſum granted for the pay and clothing of his Majeſty's militia forces for this year.

The bill for regulating the conſequences attending expulſions is ſaid to meet with great oppoſition, as it will be impoſſible, according to the refined plan there laid down, for any member to come into the ſociety after being once expelled.

It is ſaid that all the petitions about conteſted elections are now ſettled, and that the remainder of the ſeſſion will be devoted to publick buſineſs.

A motion was made in the lower room of the Robinhood ſociety that as there was plenty of corn in the kingdom, and the corn now in the ground has the appearance of being very plentiful, for allowing the exportation of wheat; when, after a debate, the ſame was rejected, by a great majority.

We hear that a vacancy is ſhortly expected, by an expulſion of a very extraordinary nature.

We hear that a bill is really now in agitation to render the breaking of windows, with an evil deſign, an offence of the like nature with that of breaking ſtreet lamps, and make the puniſhment alſo the ſame.

It is expected that the above act will be paſſed into a law before the 13th of April next.

Private letters from St. Valery mention that a Scotchman and an Hibernian had been arreſted there on the night of the 18th inſtant, and conveyed to the city of Paris, under a ſtrong guard. They are ſaid to be charged with high crimes againſt the ſtate.

March 31. Yeſterday, at eleven o'clock, there was a very numerous and reſpectable body of the freeholders of the county of Middleſex at the aſſembly room, Mile End, in order to determine on an addreſs, remonſtrance, and petition to his Majeſty, which is in ſubſtance as follows:

"That the freeholders of the county of Middleſex begged leave to approach his Majeſty, by acquainting him that they ſaw, with the deepeſt concern, the preſent diſtracted ſituation of affairs, owing to the malign influence of evil counſellors about his perſon; that they by no means wanted to add to theſe diſtractions, as the *ſecond* object neareſt their liberties was a deſire to confirm in the opinion of their anceſtors, in ſiding and ſupporting his family on the throne; that they complained of no individual injury, the breach of no private law, but the breach of all laws, that had torn the heart things of the conſtitution, ſo much that the people were deprived of the power of chooſing, by the interpoſition of a Parliament who took upon themſelves to conſider the people as ciphers, and acted alone by *ſelf exiſting* and *ſelf elected* that they had hitherto addreſſed his Majeſty on this ſubject, and at the ſame time that they were led to expect ſome redreſs of their complaints how were they ſurpriſed by the diſmiſſion of the only law officer removed at the inſtance of the Crown, for no other crime than giving [illegible] of the rights of the people; they thought his Majeſty would be graciouſly pleaſed to [illegible] complaints of his people, diſcard for ever from [illegible] pernicious counſels, and diſſolve the preſent Parliament; [illegible] he would recover the glory of his [illegible] rights of his people and bring down, bleſſings [illegible] poſterity [illegible] the prayers and good wiſhes [illegible] millions."

A motion was made, and ſeconded, that the Sheriffs do ſign the remonſtrance in the name of the whole county; and that they, with Serjeant Glynn and Mr. Wilkes, wait on his Majeſty with the ſame, as ſoon as decency permits Mr. Sheriff Townſend to appear in publick. This was univerſally agreed to. The thanks then of the company being unanimouſly given to the Sheriffs for their very great attention, and ſpirited conduct, in the triple capacities of *officers, ſenators, and citizens*, the buſineſs of the day concluded.

It was laſt night reported on the Change that there have been great commotions in Liſbon; that the King had been dethroned, and his principal ſecretary of State (who in a manner governed the King) ſaved himſelf from the fury of the populace, diſguiſed in the habit of a muleteer, and thereby got undiſcovered to Badajoz.

It is ſaid that the coach tax, which is every quarter increaſing, produces near 80,000 per annum at preſent.

We are informed that the ſupplies for the current year are already provided for, and that there will be no lottery, as has been long expected.

A political writer of to day, taking notice of the words *ſecret influence* in the Weſtminſter remonſtrance, ſays: "If by that be meant the influence of a diſtinguiſhed perſon at this time abroad, I know not whether moſt to deſpiſe, the ignorance, or bluſh at the inhumanity, of thoſe who uſe the expreſſion. That Noble perſon, far from us, and from our curſed politicks, is now ſeeking health, long loſt, upon the mountains of Vaidagnia? Suffering what brutes might pity, O is there a heart unmoved as this? Still let it bear truth; and though it diſcloſe no power yet do juſtice. So far is this Noble perſon from concerning himſelf in our affairs of government that he is moſt induſtriouſly ignorant of them. Thoſe who have the happineſs to correſpond with him all received it in charge, at his going, never to name the ſubject in their letters. Nor let this account be received as an idle and ignorant tale; [illegible] it has the honour of that correſpondence, has received [illegible] charge as the condition of it, and has never violated the injunction."

A great man belonging to a certain ſociety [illegible] of his brethren, a few days ago, in the moſt public manner, "that they *dare not* burn a certain paper."

It is ſaid one moiety of [illegible] given for the diſcovery of the longitude [illegible] or time keepers, conſtructed [illegible] by Mr. Harriſon, moſt [illegible] for the diſcovery of the longitude [illegible] years from [illegible] ſufficiently correct, to their ſatisfaction, while the [illegible] of Mr. Harriſon to the other moiety [illegible].

April 2. It is thought the ſtate of the nation will be the ſubject of debate on Thurſday next, in a reſpectable aſſembly.

We hear the Marquis of Rockingham is to have a conference with a great perſonage in a few days on the ſubject of ſome very important matters, which it is thought will greatly contribute to reconcile the preſent party diſſentions.

We hear that the deputation from the merchants of London, who waited on a great man relating to that paſſage in his ſpeech about a rupture with France, received ſo inconcluſive an anſwer that they are ſtill at a loſs what to think of it.

The report of Jamaica being taken by the Spaniards gained great credit on Saturday laſt; but ſeveral Gentlemen, who have great property in that iſland, ſeem to think the ſtory took its origin only from the warlike preparations that are making in the Spaniſh Weſt Indies. Our affairs with the Crown of Spain has been long in a perplexed ſituation, notwithſtanding it is generally thought the Spaniſh Miniſters have ſuch true notions of their own intereſt as to be perſuaded that nothing concerns them more than to live upon good terms with Great Britain. Without any queſtion it is our intereſt likewiſe to live in a perfect correſpondence with that Court, and therefore no pains ought to be ſpared that are requiſite to remove all jealouſies and diſcontents on both ſides.

A correſpondent from France informs us that, however we may flatter ourſelves with the uninterrupted purſuit of our *domeſtick game*, our well bred and friendly neighbours will ſoon call us off from preying upon one another, in order to reſiſt a more formidable attack.

Saturday arrived in town the Reverend Mr. George Whitefield, from Georgia.

It is reported that a treaty is on foot with the Emperour of Morocco for ceding to France a very commodious port on the African coaſt, contiguous to Guinea.

They write from the Hague that an illuſtrious German Prince is going into the ſervice of France.

Should a war take place between England and France, which is confidently talked of, we are aſſured an entire change in the Adminiſtration will take place.

Commodore Forreſt, who commands on the Jamaica ſtation, has lately ſent home, requeſting ſome more ſhips to be ſent out, as the Spaniards have been making great preparations in thoſe parts for ſome time paſt.

We are informed, from unqueſtionable authority, that an ample reward will ſpeedily be offered by the government for diſcovering the longitude at ſea.

A bill is now depending to appoint a ſelect committee to regulate and examine, upon oath, into the merits of petitions on undue elections, in future.

It is reported that a remonſtrance of a very ſpirited nature is preparing, and will ſoon be preſented, by the Nobility and Gentlemen in the oppoſition.

It is farther ſaid that the minority in both Houſes will ſign the above addreſs individually.

On Wedneſday the aſſizes ended on the Crown Side at Hereford, when nine priſoners were tried for the murder of William Lowe, Eſq; ſix of whom received ſentence of death, and were ordered for execution on Friday laſt, and their bodies to be diſſected; but two were afterwards ordered to be hung in chains, near the place where the murder was committed, and three were acquitted. The names of thoſe left for execution were William Spragget, David Lewelin, William Charles, David Morgan, William Morris, and William Walter Evat. The trial laſted from 7 in the morning 'till 8 at night.

It is whiſpered that two foreign Miniſters are ſecretly employing every means in their power to foment the diviſions which unhappily at preſent too much prevail in the firſt city of the Britiſh empire.

SHERBORNE, *March* 5. Laſt week was ſhipped from Catwaſh, in Cornwall, for the uſe of John Wilkes, Eſq; a late elected member of 45 ſtaves, 45 hoops, and containing 45 hogſheads of pickled pilchards.

LIVERPOOL, *April* 6. The Delight, Captain Maltby, of this port, is cut off upon the coaſt of Africa; the Captain and moſt of the people were killed. The veſſel was afterwards retaken by Captain Fuller in the Apollo, after killing ſeveral, who had deſtroyed the greateſt part of the cargo, and often put to fire the veſſel on board.

DUBLIN, *March* 29. Letters patent have paſſed the great ſeal, conferring on Majeſty's greateſt ornament, a yearly penſion, of 2300 l. on the eſtabliſhment of this kingdom, to the Right Hon. Charles Lord Baron Camden during life, or until his ſon Johnſtone Pratt, Eſq; ſhall become one of the tellers of his Majeſty's Exchequer in Great Britain.

WILLIAMSBURG, May 24.

Extract of a letter from London, *March* 10.

"THE Colonies petition has been conſidered in the Houſe of Commons, relative to American affairs. I was preſent in the Houſe, and heard the debates; and, to my great ſurpriſe, the patriots (or pretended patriots) that we expected would have been ſtrong in our favour, did little for us, except abuſing the miniſterial party, ſome of whom voted and ſpoke on our ſide the queſtion, particularly General Conway, who was for a total repeal. On a diviſion, there were for taking off the tax on paper, painters colours and glaſs, and leaving that on tea, 204; for a total repeal of the act, 192. Lord North gave ſome room to make us think that the duty on tea will be taken off at a future day, provided an agreement, in agitation, takes place between Government and the Eaſt India company; which at preſent is at a diſtance, and will hardly be brought about, if at all, this ſeſſion.

By the maſter of a veſſel from the Weſt Indies, arrived at Hampton laſt Friday, we are informed that, being ſcarce of water, and off the Havannah, he went into the harbour with his boat, in order to procure a ſupply; but was immediately ordered out, although the water was ſent after him. He counted in that harbour two and twenty ſhips of the line, moſt of which arrived there a few days before.

By a Gentleman who left Boſton the 19th inſtant we are informed that at the late election in that town (the Aſſembly having been diſſolved the 26th of April laſt), Mr. OTIS, one of their former Repreſentatives, was turned out; and that all the goods imported there this ſpring, contrary to the agreement of the merchants, had been returned.

The brigantine Friendſhip, William Macon maſter, belonging to Mr. Roger Gregory of King William, on the 21ſt of March laſt was wrecked in Peniche bay, on the coaſt of Portugal; the veſſel and cargo loſt, but the people ſaved.

The Brilliant, Robertſon, arrived in York river, from London; on the 18th ſpoke the brigantine Two Siſters, from Baltimore, in Maryland, about 75 leagues to the Weſtward of Cape Henry, bound to Liſbon, all well.

Entered in the upper diſtrict of James *river.*

April 25. Prince George, John Hampton, from Briſtol, with European goods.

27. Bowman, Allan Stevenſon, from Glaſgow, with European goods.

27. John, John Breakhill, from Liverpool, with European goods.

28. Jenny, Charles Campbell, from St. Martin's, with 1545 buſhels of ſalt.

May 1. Hunter, Robert Meſſie, from the lower diſtrict, with European goods.

1. Argyle, John Wilſon, from the lower diſtrict, with European goods.

2. Thomas, Thomas Falcon, from the lower diſtrict, with 36 pieces of ſquare timber, 60 pieces of oak plank, 9466 ſtaves, and 32 oak knees.

2. Neptune, John Smith, from the lower diſtrict, with European goods.

4. Nancy, Daniel Robbins, from Philadelphia, with 4 barrels of coffee, 3 barrels of loaf ſugar, 40 hhds. and 22 barrels of rum, 3 boxes of chocolate, 3 boxes of candles, 9 barrels of brown ſugar, and 4 wheat fans.

5. Betſey, James M'Guffie, from Liſbon, in ballaſt.

5. George, James Coats, from the lower diſtrict, with European goods.

13. Minerva, James Ranken, from Greenock, in ballaſt.

Advertiſements.

WHEREAS the Rev. Mr. WILLIAM DAVIS has given up a ſchedule of his eſtate to Mr. *Hardyman*, and there is an abſolute neceſſity I ſhould be informed of every demand againſt me on his account, this is to give notice that I ſhall expect all perſons concerned will make known their ſeveral claims accordingly at or before the next court of *Oyer*, as I ſhall look upon myſelf to be accountable to no one hereafter who diſregards this advertiſement.

W. BYRD.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of *Robert Dalgleiſh*, whoſe accounts remain open, are deſired to come and have them ſettled in the firſt week of *June* next. I will attend at *Glouceſter* courthouſe while the court ſits, and the reſt of the week at the plantation. Thoſe who intend to pay in tobacco, and can have the notes ready by that time, are deſired to bring them.

JOHN DALGLEISH, Adminiſtrator.

NOW lying in *Mattapony* river, oppoſite to the Hon. *Richard Corbin*'s, the *Friendſhip*, *Thomas Lilly* commander, which will take in tobacco, on liberty of configument, at 5 l. ſterling a tun. She has good accommodation for paſſengers, and will certainly ſail ſome time in *Auguſt*. Thoſe inclinable to ſhip are deſired to ſend their notes, or orders, to the Hon. *William Nelſon*, at *York*, or to the Captain, on board.

Juſt imported in the BRILLIANT, *Captain* Robertſon, *from* London,

A COMPLETE aſſortment of COARSE GOODS, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber in *York* town, on eaſy terms, for ready money or ſhort credit.

CARY GOOSLEY.

YORK TOWN, *May* 24, 1770.

Just imported from London, *by the subscriber, in the* Elizabeth, *Capt.* Howard Esten,

AN assortment of GOODS, suitable for the season, and to be sold at his store cheap for ready money.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 24, 1770. H. DIXON.

A MATCH of COCKS will be fought at Goochland *court-house on* Whitsun Tuesday; *to show* 30 *Cocks of a side,* 5 *l. a battle, and* 50 *l. the odd one.*

1 ROBERT COLEMAN.

Fredericksburg, *May* 15, 1770.

I INTEND to leave the colony in a few weeks.

JOHN MILLER.

NORFOLK, *May* 21, 1770.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber certainly purposes to attend at *Williamsburg* the ensuing *June Oyer* and *Terminer* court, in order to deliver to his creditors a state of his affairs, to be at their disposal. As the major part of them, or their agents, will be there, it is hoped those not present will have no objection to agree to what measures those present will fall upon for the safety and satisfaction of the creditors in general. All persons in open accounts with *William M'Caa* and Co. and *William M'Caa*, are requested to settle them, so as the balances may be fixed before the 10th of *June*, that he may more exactly state his matters to his creditors.

WILLIAM M'CAA.

To be SOLD *at* West Point, *by the trustees of Col.* Thomas Moore, *on* Monday *the* 11*th of* June,

ALL that Gentleman's ESTATE, consisting of 20 valuable SLAVES, eight of which are to be sold for the said *Thomas Moore*'s life, as they are entailed, among whom is a valuable carpenter, and a shoemaker; also a tract of land for the said *Moore*'s life, on *Mattapony* river, containing 600 acres, including 200 and odd acres of marsh, which is fine, and exceeding good for stock; several horses, a large stock of cattle, sheep and hogs, a chariot and harness, two single chairs, plate, household and kitchen furniture, a nine hogshead boat, and a canoe, with sundry other articles, too tedious here to mention. The sale is to be conducted by Mr. *John Hamblin*, who is authorized to take bonds and collect the money. Three months, ready money, is to be raised at the day of sale for the slaves. Twelve months credit will be allowed for the personal estate, but if not paid when it becomes due interest will be charged from the day of sale.

To be SOLD, *on* Friday *the 1st of* June, *at Mr.* William Browne's, *in* James City *county*,

THE PERSONAL ESTATE of Major *John Power*, deceased, consisting of household and kitchen furniture, stock of cattle and sheep, and many other things too tedious to mention. Credit will be allowed, the purchasers giving bond and security to

The EXECUTORS.

To be SOLD *at publick vendue, at* Norfolk, *on* Saturday *the 2d of* June, *for ready money or bills of exchange, for the benefit of the underwriters*,

SUNDRY materials saved from the wreck of the ship *Carroll, Henry Ford* master, from *Liverpool*, ashore near *Cape Charles*, consisting of anchors, cables, sails, rigging, &c.

JOSEPH CALVERT V.

To be SOLD *at* Petersburg, *on* Saturday *the 2d of* June *next, for the benefit of the insurers*,

SUNDRY damaged GOODS imported in the *Jenny*, Captain *Hay*, from *London*.

THOMAS [illegible]

HANOVER [illegible], *May* 18, 1770.

RUN away from the subscriber the 16th of this instant, a Scotch servant lad named *John Evrie*, by trade a weaver, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a thin visage, his hair which is black, generally cut off, and he wears a cap, but generally his hat, which is large, cocked three cocked bad on a *Virginia* cut coat and breeches, the coat mixed with blue and the breeches with black wool, both double worsted, white broadcloth waistcoat, blue yarn stockings, square toed shoes and buckles. I carried him before a magistrate some time ago, who ordered him a small flogging, which will appear by looking at his back. He is a cunning artful fellow, and as he writes a good hand it is probable will forge a pass and change his name. Whoever apprehends the said servant, and brings or conveys him safe to me, shall have 5 *l.* reward, and be allowed all reasonable charges.

N. W. BANDRIDGE.

I HAD a runaway Negro fellow named ABRAHAM, belonging to Mr. *John Calloway*, of *Essex* county, taken out of *Smithfield* jail, about eight days ago, and carried as far as *Rocky Ridge*, on his way home; from thence he is again run away, and I imagine is gone towards *Smithfield*. Whoever secures him so that I can get him at the *June Oyer* court shall have 20 *s.* reward, besides what the law allows. He is about 5 feet 2 inches high, 20 years old, is very black, has a down look, a deceitful smile when he speaks, and talks tolerable good *English*. He formerly belonged to Mr. *William Mackie*, of *Isle of White* county, and was bought in *Williamsburg* last *December* by Mr. *Charles Lynch* from Mr. *Arthur Smith*, of said county.

JAMES DONALD.

Run away from the subscriber in Petersburg, *on* Friday *last*,

A SERVANT man named *John Acland*, by trade a tailor, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, of a dark complexion, speaks lisp, and has an impediment therein, and has a cut over his right eye, or by the side of it; had on when he went away a brown lappelled coat, red waistcoat, a pair of light blue breeches, a white linen shirt, and brown mixed stockings. Whoever brings the said *Acland* to me shall have [illegible] reward.

May 12, 1770. 1 MARGARET HARPER.

Run away from the subscriber in Frederick, *about the* 11*th of* April *last*,

A SERVANT man named WILLIAM JACKSON, about 27 years old, and has a scar on the left side of his lip; had on a short fearnought coat, a green everlasting waistcoat without sleeves, buckskin breeches, and blue ribbed stockings. He stole one shirt, three handkerchiefs, a pair of stockings, a pair of silver sleeve buttons, a pinchbeck ring, two dressed sheep skins, &c. Whoever takes him up, and secures him so that I get him again, shall have 5 *l.* reward.

2 WILLIAM JENKINS.

ROCKY RIDGE, *May* 15, 1770.

STRAYED from the subscriber, about six weeks ago, a dapple gray horse, about 4 feet 8 inches high, with a hanging mane and switch tail, paces, trots, and gallops well, is strong and round made, short backed, but no brand perceivable.

Whoever brings the said horse to me, or gives information where he may be got, shall be sufficiently rewarded.

ALEXANDER STEUART.

CABIN POINT, *May* 15, 1770.

STRAYED from the subscriber, on *Thursday* the 19th of last month, a dark bay horse, about 4 feet 6 inches high, 8 or 9 years old, paces well and fast, had shoes on all his feet, a roached mane and bob tail, and has a white mark round his neck, but his brand, if any, forgot. Whoever delivers the said horse to me, shall have 20 *s.* reward.

2 JAMES BUCHANAN.

TAKEN up, in *Lunenburg*, a gray horse, about 4 feet 4 or 5 inches high, about 6 or 7 years old, with a hanging mane and spring tail, appears to have been worked, as he is pretty much rubbed with gear, and branded on the near buttock AW; posted, and appraised to 5 *l.*

FREDERICK BROWN.

Taken up, at the plantation of *Benjamin Woodard*, a dark bay horse, about 10 years old, has but one eye, and branded, but not legible.

JOHN M'FARLIN.

Taken up, in *Mecklenburg*, a yellow gray mare, about 4 feet 2 or three inches high, with a hanging mane and switch tail, one shoe foot, and branded on the near buttock V; posted, and appraised to 4 *l.* 10 *s.*

1 JOSEPH KEETON.

Taken up, in *Sussex*, a black horse, about 5 years old this spring, 4 feet 7 inches high, with a hanging mane and switch tail, a saddle spot on each side of his back, and branded on the near buttock R; posted, and appraised to [illegible].

JOHN BERRYMAN.

Taken up, in *Brunswick*, a middle sized dark [illegible] supposed to be old, with a hanging mane and switch [illegible] under and buttock C; posted, and [illegible]

DRURY STITH.

Taken up, a bay mare colt, [illegible] high, neither dockt nor [illegible] shoe.

JOHN WHITE.

WILLIAMSBURG, [illegible] 4, 1770.

Having determined [illegible] future to [illegible] money, or have [illegible] the want of my [illegible] method (I [illegible] to prevent unnecessary [illegible] hereby [illegible] for the future understanding [illegible] purchase my fee is [illegible] paid down, or [illegible] interest twelve months after the [illegible] letter to engage me in any cause [illegible] future may [illegible] the fullest attention, or answer what [illegible] enclose [illegible] fee or sufficient bond for it. And that no deception [illegible] please observe that it is my [illegible] every such bond is suit which is not [illegible] which after it becomes payable. Every person [illegible] their business upon the above terms [illegible] my acknowledgments, and may depend [illegible] the utmost of my utmost abilities to serve them. [illegible] to those who, at the time they pretended to be my friends, could [illegible] time reduced to the necessity of [illegible] disadvantage, and yet withheld [illegible] would have removed that [illegible] to determine whether they [illegible] every person therefore indebted to me [illegible] last, who does not before the [illegible] send the money due to me or a bond [illegible] payable with interest twelve months, may depend upon being sued immediately after that time in the General Court, if the sum due amounts to forty pounds, and in any county I can catch him under that sum. I shall be in *Williamsburg* from the 20th of *May* until after the court of *Oyer* in *June*.

THOMSON MASON.

Just arrived from Africa,

THE snow INDUSTRY, *Mungo Wright* master, with a CARGO of two hundred choice healthy *ANGOLA* SLAVES;

A sale of which will begin at *Bermuda Hundred* on *Friday* the 1st of *June*, and continue until all are sold.

BURNLEY & BRAIKENRIDGE.

COMMITTED to the jail of *Surry* county, the 8th of this instant (*May*) a mulatto man, [illegible] supposed to be a slave, about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, has lost one of his under fore teeth, his hair inclined to curl, says his name is JOHN M'KAE, that he was born in *Yorkshire*, left his native *Old England*, and sailed with one Captain *Dobie*, in to *Hampton* river. The owner may have him, on paying charges.

DRURY WARREN, jailer.

THE subscribers have lately erected at *Norfolk* a new ROPERY, for carrying on which business they have furnished themselves with workmen from some of the best ropeworks in *England*, and doubt not from encouraging such Gentlemen as may apply to them with cordage not inferior to any imported, and at as reasonable rates. Any orders will be exactly complied with, and cash given for good hemp.

A person is wanted, that can be well recommended for his honesty and sobriety, to undertake the management of a ship chandler's shop, and the ropery.

THOMAS NEWTON, [illegible] & Co.

To be SOLD *at publick vendue, at* Norfolk, *on* Thursday *the 31st of this instant* (May) *for ready money, or bills of exchange, for the benefit of the underwriters*,

SUNDRY GOODS, saved from the wreck of the ship *Carroll, Henry Ford* master, from *Liverpool*, lost near *Cape Charles*, consisting of a large quantity of *Irish* linens, sheeting, check, striped holland, stockings, broadcloths, serges, printed and white calicoes, chintz, hardware, *German* serges, calamanco shoes, hats, cambrick, lawn, perhaps, canvas, osnaburgs, brown rolls, fashions, tammies, damascus, tapes, buttons, thread, tankeens, spanlins, gloves, handkerchiefs, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

GILCHRIST & TAYLOR.

N. B. The sale will continue until all is disposed of.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber in *Williamsburg*, some time in *January* last, a dark gray horse, 3 years old this spring, about 4 feet 3 or 4 inches high, with a bushy mane and tail, but not branded. As I have great reason to believe he was stolen, I will give 20 *s.* reward for the horse, and 5 *l.* on conviction of the thief.

JOSEPH JEGITTS.

WHEREAS *Thomas Green*, late of the county of *Halifax*, in order to indemnify me for becoming his bail, at the suit of *Peter Johnston*, Gentleman, in the General Court, did assign to me an agreement between him and *Samuel Spencer*, deceased, by which the sum of 300 *l.* was due to the said *Thomas*, and at the same time took my bond, dated the 18th day of *October*, 1768, for the payment of the said 300 *l.* in case I was indemnified against the said *Peter Johnston*, I hereby give publick notice that I have complied with the condition of the said bond, by assigning the said agreement to the said *Peter Johnston*, in satisfaction of his said debt, by which the said bond becomes void; and I hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of the said bond from the said *Thomas Green*.

21 MARSTON GREEN.

TRAVELLER

STANDS this season in *Williamsburg*, where he will cover mares at 10 *s.* the leap, and 40 *s.* the season. He was got by *Old Traveller*, out of an *English* mare belonging to the Hon. *John Tayloe*, Esq; is near 15 hands high, and in full perfection. Great care will be taken of the mares, and there is a good pasture for them to run in. Any kind of grain will be received as pay, at the market price.

JAMES SOUTHALL.

To be SOLD *to the highest bidder, on the premises, on* Friday *the* 13*th of* July *next, in* Brunswick *county*, Meherrin *parish*,

THE GLEBE LAND of the said parish, containing about 500 acres, most part of which is very good for grain, whereon is a dwelling house 36 feet by 16, with a chimney in the middle, a kitchen, dairy, and smoke-house. The situation of this place renders it extremely commodious for a merchant or tavern keeper, as it is distant but few hundred yards from *Hicks*'s ford, on *Meherrin* river.

Twelve months credit will be allowed for one half the purchase money, and two years for the other half, the purchaser giving bond, with approved security, to

JAMES WALL.
SIMON TURNER.
NATHANIEL EDWARDS.
JAMES WALL, jun.

To be SOLD, *for three months credit, before Mr.* James Mitchell's *door, on* Monday *the 4th of* June *next*,

THE DWELLING-HOUSE, OUT-HOUSES, LOT, &c. in this town, formerly occupied by Mr. *Edward Cary*.

JOHN H. NORTON.

YORK, *May* 11, 1770.

To be SOLD, *on* Friday *the 29th of* June, *on the premises, in* Orange *county, at the* South West *mountains*,

ONE thousand two hundred and eighty acres of exceeding good LAND for either corn, wheat, or tobacco, late the property of Captain *Richard Todd*, of *King and Queen* county, deceased, 500 acres of the land are laid off in 100 acre lots, with all convenient houses, and tenants living thereon, which will be sold separate; the other 780 acres are uncultivated, and will be sold together, or in parcels, as may best suit the purchasers. The entire 1280 acres in the said tract, and the whole sealed; but the above mentioned quantity was docked, by act of Assembly, in the year 1752, at the Royal allotment was certainly by counted before the survey. The widow's dower will be made easy, that no encumbrance may prevent a sale. Credit will be allowed until the first day of *April* 1771 for one half the purchase money, and for the other half until the first day of *April* 1772, on bond, with approved security, being given to

WILLIAM RICHARD TODD.

N. B. Ten per cent. will be discounted for ready money.

*** At the time mentioned above will be rented the manor plantation [illegible] in good order for [illegible] for eight or ten years.

POETS CORNER.

ELEGIACK to Miss E. B.

'TWAS not on ſp'endour's *eaſy couch* to reſt,
'Twas not to boaſt in riches envy'd ſtore;
'Twas not to be of numerous lands poſſeſs'd,
Or that my cup of plenty ſhould run o'er;
But 'twas with you the joys of life to prize,
And all its ſorrows, all its cares to ſhare,
'Till late old age ſhould drop its wintery flies,
And bring that evening you've no cauſe to fear.
In cheerful confidence I'd pleas'd reſign
The pomp of grandeur and the toils of ſtrife,
Would you but join your willing hand with mine,
And tread with me the *chequer'd* path of *life*.
When thunders roll and frequent lightnings dart,
And boiſterous winds the face of ev'e deform,
For thee I'd watch thee to my trembling heart,
And ſhield thy ſofineſs from th' impending ſtorm.
With fervent kind I'd gently lead thee on
Through life's dark paſſages, and haunts of care;
And when its talk of life was almoſt done,
O! then ſhe, Heaven, ſhould be my fervent prayer.
But jovial now my pe ive hours muſt paſs,
With ſilent lapſe, a ong the ſtream of time;
Would my fond love, through ſome deceitful glaſs,
To you is repre ented as a crime.
Curs'd be the wretch whoſe hately grovelling mind
Stoop'd ſtill to learn the miſer's ſordid *lore*,
Where paſſion, veering to each guſt of wind,
Not lov'd not lik'd when intereſt was no more.

COLINET.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 13, 1770.

COMMITTED to *James City* priſon, a *Virginia* born mulatto ſlave named HENRY, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, has on an old brown duroy coat, blue cloth waiſtcoat, Negro cotton breeches, and white yarn ſtockings. He ſays he belongs to *Daniel Nance*, of *Brunſwick* county, who is deſired to ſend for him, and pay charges.

WILLIAM SEALY LANE.

STRAYED from the paſture of Colonel *John Naſh*, jun, of *Prince Edward* county, on the 30th of *April* laſt, a ferrel gelding, about 14 hands high, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, ſome ſaddle ſpots, the hair on his ſides worn off by harneſs, but his brand, if any, forgot; he is a neat well made ſtrong gelding (a colt of *Janus*'s) and in fine order for traveling. Alſo a ſmall black mare, with ſome white in her face; but her brand, if any, forgot. They were ſeen the day after near *Sandy River* church, in that county. It is ſuppoſed the gelding will make for *Brunſwick*, where he was bred by one *Zebulon Lewis*, and the mare for *Lunenburg*, where ſhe was bred. Whoever takes them up, and delivers them to Colonel *Naſh*, Mr. *Francis Eppes* in *Amelia*, Mr. *Auguſtine Willis* in *Brunſwick*, or to me in *Suſſex*, ſhall be rewarded with 20s. for the gelding, and 20s. for the mare.

AUGUSTINE CLAIBORNE.

STRAYED or STOLEN from *Richmond*, on *Sunday* the 22d of *April* laſt, a middle ſized black horſe, about 4 feet 7 inches high, with a hanging mane and bob tail, low in flefh, has a mealy mouth, two ſaddle ſpotts, and a ſmall ſtar in his forehead. Whoever brings the ſaid horſe to Mr. *Iſaiah Iſaacs*, ſilverſmith in *Richmond*, ſhall have 20s. reward.

TAKEN up, on *Appamattox*, about ſix or ſeven miles above *Bolling's Point*, a gray horſe, about 4 feet and a half high, his hind part very dark, paces and trots in hand, well made, his left hind foot white, has a white ſpot on his noſe, hanging mane and ſwitch tail, branded on the near ſhoulder C, and on the near buttock reſembling a heart; poſted, and appraiſed to 5l.

JOHN ANDREWS, ſen.

NANSEMOND, *May* 1, 1770.

I INTEND to leave the colony for a few months.

ARCHIBALD HAMILTON.

SMITHFIELD, *May* 1, 1770.

I INTEND to leave the colony for a few months.

JOHN SYM.

I HEREBY give notice to all thoſe who are indebted to the ſtore lately kept at Major *John Boſtwell's*, in *Hanover* county, to ſettle their reſpective accounts with Mr. *William Donald*, who will give conſtant attendance for this purpoſe at the above mentioned place until the 1ſt of *September* next. As great indulgence has been granted to many of the cuſtomers, it may reaſonably be expected they in return will immediately give bonds for the balances now remaining due, that, being properly aſcertained, they may be collected with leſs expenſe and trouble than if the accounts ſtood open. Thoſe who refuſe to comply with this reaſonable requeſt may depend on their accounts being put into a lawyer's hands, without farther delay, or reſpect of perſons. Tf

JOHN JOHNSON.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 8, 1770.

I INTEND keeping a table for 10 or 12 Burgeſſes, during the ſeſſion of Aſſembly. My terms are a piſtole a week (except in court times) for breakfaſt, dinner, and lodging. I have a very good paſture of 15 acres, very ſecurely railed in, and well watered.

MARY DAVIS.

To be SOLD *at publick ſale, at the* Long *ordinary, in* Fredericksburg, *next* June *fair*,

A conſiderable quantity of

Fine IRISH Linens,

for ready money.

NORTHAMPTON county, *North Carolina*, *May* 1, 1770.

I INTEND for *Great Britain*, and to return in a few months. During my abſence I have conſtituted *William Hamilton* and Co. my attornies, who will pay any demands that may be againſt me. Thoſe that are indebted to me are moſt earneſtly deſired to make them every payment in their power, with all convenient diſpatch, which will be eſteemed a ſingular favour done their humble ſervant,

CHARLES GILMOUR.

TAKEN up, in *Charlotte*, a black mare colt, about 4 feet 3 inches high, her mane lying on the off ſide, but neither dockt nor branded; poſted, and appraiſed to 45s.

ISHAM PREUITT.

Taken up, in *Charlotte*, a ſorrel mare, about 4 feet 4 inches and a half high, about 4 years old, with a large blaze in her forehead, ſome white hairs on her back, and her mane hangs on the off ſide, but neither dockt nor branded; poſted, and appraiſed to 55s.

ISHAM PREUITT.

To be SOLD, *on* Thurſday *the 5th of* July, *at* Hanover *courthouſe, being court day*,

THE PLANTATION whereon Mr. *Jeffery Griffin* now lives, in *King William* county, ſix miles above *Aylett's* warehouſe, containing 850 acres or upwards, whereon is a large dwelling-houſe, and other outhouſes ſuitable for a family, and fine apple and peach orchards. The plantation is in good order for cropping, with a new built barn, *&c.* and is extreme good land for tobacco and wheat. The time of credit will be made known on the day of ſale. The land will be ſold privately to any perſon that may chooſe to purchaſe, by applying to

SYME & PEARSON.

TAKEN up in *Cheſterfield*, and committed to jail, a Negro man named MOSES, a middle ſized black fellow, who ſays he belongs to one *John Hunter*, of *Bedford* county; but he is ſuppoſed to belong to one *Samuel Hunter*, of *Cumberland*. The owner may have him, on paying charges, by applying to

JAMES BALL, Jailer.

To be SOLD *at* Hanover *courthouſe, on* Tueſday *the 7th of* June *next, being court day, by virtue of an execution, for ready money*,

TWENTY valuable *Virginia* born SLAVES,

among which are ſundry houſe ſervants, and a very good carpenter.

HARRY TOMPKINS, D. Sheriff.

The noted ENGLISH horſe,

JANUS

ſtands at my ſtable, in order to cover mares, at 4l. the ſeaſon (which ſhall expire on the laſt day of *Auguſt*) or 26s. the leap. The money for leaps to be paid at the ſtable door. All poſſible care ſhall be taken of the mares left with me, but I will not be anſwerable for any that get away.

AMELIA, *April* 25, 1770.

CHRIST. ADKINS.

To be SOLD *on a long credit, at publick auction, at Mr.* Philip [illegible] Winchester, *on* Tu[illegible], *being court day*,

A [illegible] OF LAND, [illegible] *Lesser Liberty*, [illegible] *Cochrane*, [illegible] near [illegible]'s mill, [illegible] 16[illegible] [illegible] and upon which are [illegible] Mr. [illegible], to [illegible] the land to thoſe that are deſirous to take it [illegible] day of ſale. Any perſon [illegible] wants to [illegible] private ſale may know the [illegible] *Templeman* in *Fredericksburg*, or [illegible] *Potowmack*.

4

RUN away from the ſubſcriber [illegible] the [illegible] laſt, a *Virginia* born Negro [illegible] a great rogue, and had a [illegible] of [illegible] him; is about 21 years old, [illegible] ſized [illegible] ſtraight talks faſt, has large eyes, [illegible] lips, [illegible] ſeveral times had a ſwelling under his thro[illegible] which has frequently broke, the ſcars of which may be ſeen. He [illegible] about the falls of *James* river for ſeveral weeks, in company [illegible] get out of the colony, perhaps under [illegible] a waterman, as he is an high ſenſible fellow. Whoever [illegible] me, in *Buckingham* county, ſhall have forty [illegible] and if he has been carried out of the colony by any ma[illegible] will be paid, on proper proof being made, ſo as [illegible] be come at.

6

ANTHONY WINSTON.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, lying on the north ſide of *Chowan* ſound, about four miles below *Edenton*, containing about 3500 acres, about 250 acres of it are cleared, and a conſiderable proportion of the ſaid tract is as rich and fertile as any in the province. The plantation is beautifully ſituated, and extends near three miles on the ſound. Two years credit will be allowed, free of intereſt, and as many years afterwards, not exceeding eight, as the purchaſer ſhall deſire, paying intereſt. Col. *Edward Vail*, or Mr. *Thomas Benbury*, who live near the land, will ſhow it.

ABNER NASH.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, lying on the north ſide of *Albemarle* ſound, about four miles below *Edenton*, containing about 3500 acres, about 250 acres of it are cleared, and a conſiderable proportion of the ſaid tract is as rich and fertile as any in the province. The plantation is beautifully ſituated, and extends near three miles on the ſound. Two years credit will be allowed, free of intereſt, and as many years afterwards, not exceeding eight, as the purchaſer ſhall deſire, paying intereſt. Col. *Edward Vail*, or Mr. *Thomas Benbury*, who live near the land, will ſhow it.

ABNER NASH.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, which I lately purchaſed of *James M'Donal*, of *James City* county, adjoining *Concaſtle's* ordinary, containing about 400 acres, chiefly ſwamp, and well timbered. The required credit will be given, on bond, bearing intereſt, with ſecurity thereto.

JAMES PRIDE.

TAKEN up, in *Charlotte*, a ſorrel mare, about 4 feet 5 inches high, with a ſtar in her forehead, a ſnip on her noſe, and ſome ſaddle ſpots on her right ſide. She has two colts with her, one a ſorrel mare, appears to be 2 years old, with a blaze face, and both her hind feet white; the other a black horſe colt, appears to be three years old, with a ſtar in his forehead, docket, and has a blind brand on his near ſhoulder. The whole appraiſed to 10l. 15s.

ROBERT SMITH.

Taken up, in *Mecklenburg*, a black horſe, about 5 or 6 years old, branded on the near ſhoulder F. and on the near buttock NR in a piece; poſted, and appraiſed to 10l.

BRANCH TANNER.

Taken up, in *Brunſwick*, a black horſe, about 4 feet 7 or 8 inches high, with a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, a ſnip on his noſe, and branded on the near buttock IB; poſted, and appraiſed to 10l.

BENJAMIN IVEY.

Taken up, in *King* and *Queen*, a gray colored mare, with a roached mane and bob tail, but not branded; poſted, and appraiſed to 30s.

JACOB LUMPKIN, jun.

Taken up, in *Orange*, a ſmall black mare, about three years old laſt ſpring, with a ſwitch tail, a mealy noſe, and branded on the near buttock (ↄ) poſted, and appraiſed as the law directs.

GEORGE TAYLOR.

Taken up, in *King George*, a likely young bay horſe, about 4 feet 6 or 7 inches high, dockt, but not branded; poſted, and appraiſed to 6l.

GEORGE MARSHALL.

Taken up, in *Amelia*, a ſmall red cow, marked with a ſmooth crop in the right ear, and the left [illegible] poſted, and appraiſed to 25s.

WILLIAM TUCKER.

Taken up, in *Mecklenburg*, a bay horſe, about 4 feet 4 inches high, with a ſtar in his forehead, and branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock PS; [illegible], and appraiſed to 5l.

JOHN JEFFRIES, ſen.

To be SOLD *at* Charlotte *courthouſe, on the firſt* Monday *in* June *next, being court day*,

ONE thouſand acres of land, in the ſaid county, whereon *Eliſha White* formerly lived. It has a fine plantation thereon, with many buildings, ſundry fruit trees, and conſiſts of fine high and low grounds.

7 JOHN JOHNSON.

To be SOLD,

THE two valuable Tracts of LAND lying on *Pamunky* river in *King William* county, drawn by Colonel *Bernard Moore* as prizes in his lottery. One contains 550 acres, and has on it a good dwelling-houſe 30 feet long and 20 feet wide, with three rooms below and three above (in which Colonel *Moore* formerly lived) and many good and convenient outhouſes; the ſituation is high and pleaſant, the land is good for corn, tobacco, and wheat, and the plantation in good order for cropping. The other tract contains 586 acres, on the river, below the above mentioned land; it abounds with [illegible] quantity of white oak; but it is thought 1000 [illegible] of plank may be got off it, the ſoil is very rich, and [illegible] duces corn and tobacco. Colonel *Moore* will ſhow the [illegible] to purchaſe, and the terms may be [illegible] by [illegible] to the ſubſcribers, to whom the purchaſe [illegible] paid. Mr. *Garland Anderſon*, of *Hanover*, [illegible] loſe in *Caroline* county, drawn by [illegible] A Negro man named *Ralph*, about [illegible] and ſiner, and a Negro man [illegible] collier, drawn by Colonel [illegible] are alſo to be ſold, on reaſonable [illegible] by

2 m. EDMUND PENDLETON.
PETER LYON.

Reward.

RUN away from *Weſtover*, on *Sunday* laſt, a likely Negro man named EVAM, of the middle ſize, about 25 years old, by trade a bricklayer. It is ſuppoſed he will go into KING WILLIAM county. I will give the above reward to whoever delivers him to me at *Weſtover*, or to Mr. *David Pattiſon*, at the falls of *James* river.

Tf W. BYRD.

MARCH 26, 1770.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER at 12*ſ.* 6*d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inſerted in it for 3*ſ.* the firſt Week, and 2*ſ.* each Week after. —— *** All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition.